SENATE AGREES TO TAKE AC-

HON ON JULY 22. Voting on Other Important Measures Will Follow and Congress Will Probably Allourn Before August 18 Sena-

ters foo Tired to Continue Fight. WASHINGTON, July 14.- The Senate resolved an agreement to-day by unaniansent to vote on the Canadian gry bill on Sacurday, July 22. The

without amendment. On other important pending measures an agreement was reached for votes as The Underwood wool bill, July 27; farmers' free list bill, August 1; Congressional reapportionment bill, August 3: esolution for Statehood for Arizona and New Mexico, August 7.

This programme contemplates that Congress will adjourn some time between August 8 and August 15.

The Senate leaders, both Democratic and Republican, had planned for earlier dates which would bring the adjournment of Congress not later than August but the insurgents stood out for more time to debate the tariff question.

Senator Shively of Indiana, Democrat. is responsible for fixing a day for a vote on the reapportionment bill. He reported hat bill from the Committee on Census. There is a strong Republican opposition to the measure. Senator La Follette. chairman of the Census Committee, will submit a minority report. Senators Root and Burton intend to speak against the bill and will lead the fight against it.

The arrangement for a vote on the statehood resolution was made at the demand of a number of Senators, including insurgents. It is doubtful if an ement could have been reached if the leaders had not been willing to concede a vote on the statehood resolution.

No provision was made for a vote on the campaign publicity bill, but Senator Kenyon of Iowa stood out against the agreement for several hours, insisting that the publicity bill be included in the list of measures to be voted on. He finally vielded at the solicitation of some of his insurgent colleagues but ne gave notice that he would call up the pub-licity bill from day to day and endeavor to sandwich it between other measures and to get a vote on it before adjournment. The leaders understand, however, that the publicity bill and the resolution for the direct election of Senators, which is now in conference between the two houses, will both go over to the regular

ression.

There is a difference of opinion as to when Congress will be able to adjourn under the arrangement made to-day. Senator Penrose remarked that Congress would be away by August 19. Other Senators fixed the date as early as

For nearly three hours to-day be-

For nearly three hours to-day before the agreement was submitted to the Senate by Chairman Penrose of the Finance Committee, an interesting scene was enacted on the floor. For once insurgents, standpatters and Democrats of various shades of opinion found a common ground for consultation.

Senator Penrose and Senator La Follette hobnobbed together confidentially and then they would go over and confer with Senator Williams. Suddenly Senators of all shades of political belief would rise like a flock of shore birds and disappear from view, later to be discovered in close conference in some committee room. The rumor would gain currency that an agreement had been reached and then another rumor would overtake it with the statement that the first agreement had been kicked over. It was evident that it required a lot of conceding to get the agreement and the was not certain when Senator Penrose lot of conceding to get the agreement and it was not certain when Senator Pen-rose submitted it that he would get con-sent for it. One objection would have

Senator Newlands appeared to be the only objector. He admitted that he wanted a general scheme of tariff revision carried out before adjournment. He held up the agreement for about half an hour and called Senator La Follette to his feet and asked him what the attitude of the progressive Republicans. tude of the progressive Republicans was toward the proposed agreement. To the surprise of every one Mr. La Follette admitted that for once he was thoroughly in agreement with Senator Penrose. The fact is that everybody, except

decided as to whether they will agree to an adjournment immediately upon the passage of the bills embodied in the agreement adopted by the Senate to-day. Speaker Clark expressed the opinion that Congress would not put up the shutters until about Sentember 1.

Chairman Underwood of the Ways and Means Committee refused to commit himself. He seemed to be of the opinion, however, that the Democrats would not maist upon action by the Senate on the cotton revision bill, which will probably be reported next week. It is known that Mr. Underwood is anxious for an adjournment immediately upon the passage by ment immediately upon the passage by the Senate of the Canadian bill, the free list and wool bills and the reapportion-

WILL PROBE PIPE LINE RATES. Interstate Commerce Commission Hears They Violate the Law.

WASHINGTON, July 14 .- The Interstate Commerce Commission to-day announced that it would institute an inquiry into the rates, classifications and regulations of the oil pipe lines of the country under the amended railroad rate act. Pipe lines are subject to the jurisdiction of the commission, and this is the first time the law has been invoked with this class of common carriers. Sixty-two pipe line companies, operating in all sections of the country, are named as defendants in the proceedings which the commission has lastituted, including all the Standard Oil

in announcing its intention of making the inquiry the commission says that complaint has been made to this commission that the carriers hereafter named and each of them have estab-lished certain rates, classifications and regular. as which are unjust, unreason-Parriers and each of them in the conbusiness subject to said act are unreasonable, unjustly discrimunduly preferential and preju-d otherwise in violation of the islons of the act."
date is fixed for the beginning of the

6! NBOAT TO HAYTIAN WATERS. American Interests in Need of Protection,

breatened that port and also where there are considerable interests to be protected by the

DATE FOR RECIPROCITY VOTE WRANGLE OVER SUGAR DUTY. Representatives Malby and Fordney Quarrel With Witness.

Rules in Interests of Decorum. WASHINGTON, July 14 .- A sharp controversy between Representative Malby of New York and Frank C. Lowery, general most reprehensible. Decorum has been sales agent of the Federal Sugar Refining Company, marked to-day's session of the ble debate has succeeded the sonorous Hardwick sugar investigating committee. speeches and dignified deliberation that The trouble arose over the effect of the formerly marked that honorable body. tariff on sugar. Mr. Lowery had testified that the reduction of the duty on this morning called up his amendment sugar or the admission of it free of duty to the Senate rules aimed to bring that would benefit the consumer. body back to the old order of decorum.

Representative Malby, who is a stand-patter on the tariff, submitted a long list all will undoubtedly pass on that day of figures designed to show that history combats the theory that the tariff tends to increase the cost of sugar to the consumer. He pointed out that on January 1. 1904, under the terms of a reciprocal agreement made with Cuba, sugar from this island received the benefit of a 20 per cent. preferential duty. In other words, Cuban raw sugar was admitted at 1.348 cents a pound, while the product from other countries carried a rate of 1.685

ents a pound.
"The figures show that in 1905 despite "The figures show that in 1905 despite this reduction in the duty the price to the consumer increased," said Mr. Malby. "Would you say that the tariff was responsible for this increase?"

The reply of the witness, which Mr. Malby characterized as an argument instead of a statement of facts, nettled Mr. Malby.

instead of a statement of facts, nettled Mr. Malby. "You want to be fair with the committee,

do you not?" he asked sharply.
"I do," responded the witness.
"Then give a direct reply," returned
Mr. Malby.

There was more sparring between the examiner and the witness, the latter finally admitting that the price of sugar was affected by the world's supply and demand, whether a given country imposed

was affected by the world's supply and demand, whether a given country imposed a tariff or not.

Mr. Malby took up the question of the influence of the beet sugar industry on the price of the product to the consumer. This brought on another spat between the examiner and the witness. Mr. Malby insisted that the beet sugar plants of the West assured consumers in that region lover prices. He made the point that the destruction of the beet sugar industry; which, he contended, would follow the removal of the tariff, would enable coast refineries to boost prices. The witness was not inclined to agree to this contention. Mr. Malby intimated that the replies of the witness were evasive.

The examination of Mr. Lowery at the afternoon session developed into a farce.

The examination of Mr. Lowery at the afternoon session developed into a farce. A tariff debate was again precipitated in which members of the committee and the witness joined. Standpat Joe Fordney of Michigan created most of the excitement. Every time the witness suggested a reduction or the elimination of the sugar

ment. Every time the witness suggested a reduction or the elimination of the sugar duty a pained expression chased itself across the rugged countenance of Mr. Fordney.

Mr. Lowery insisted that Oriental labor was employed in the beet sugar industry on the Pacific coast. This was combated by Mr. Fordney. The witness showed an inclination to roam in fields in which his examiners did not invite him. For example, Mr. Fordney asked him about labor in the Philippines. Mr. Lowery's answer related to labor in Hawaii.

"Don't get off the track and take the gravel train, my friend," observed Mr. Fordney.

The committee may postpone its visit to New York a few days. It planned to meet there Tuesday. A delegation of cane planters from Louisiana put in an appearance to-day. Their testimony may run to Monday, in which event the New York sessions may not be begun until Wednesday.

GOV. DENEEN STICKS TO STORY His Testimony in Lorimer Case Unshaken by Cross-Examination.

WASHINGTON, July 14.—The cross-ex amination of Charles S. Deneen, Governor of Illinois, occupied all of to-day's session gating allegations of corruption in the election of Senator Lorimer of Illinois. For about six hours Gov. Deneen was grilled by Judge Elbridge G. Hanecy. counsel for Senator Lorimer.

The questions asked by Judge Hanecy designed to break down Gov. Descen's testimony yesterday that he regarded Senator Lorimer as the dominating power in the Illinois Legislature because of his ability to control the coalition of Democrats and Republicans which elected Speaker Shurtleff. Judge Hanecy

Judge Hanecy Gov. Deneen's direct and Richmond. Chairman Underwood of the Ways and testimony was not changed. The sucdeadlock which existed in the Illinois deadlock which existed in the Illinois to Legislature from January until May, 1909, were analyzed and discussed at length for the purpose of explaining the motives which led the members of the Legislature to vote for particular candidates. Judge Hanecy also asked many questions intended to bring out the political relations existing between Gov. Deneen and Senator Lorimer in the last fifteen years.

Densen and Senator Lorimer in the last fifteen years.
Judge Hanecy also endeavored to show that Senator Lorimer was not in a position to control the members of the Illinois Legislature who passed upon the Gubernatorial election contest filed against Gov. Densen. Gov. Densen testified yesterday that Lorimer absolutely controlled the situation and could have ousted him f om the Governorship.

In reply to a question by Judge Hanecy Gov. Densen said that while it was illegal for Demograts to yote in the Republican

for Democrats to vote in the Republican primaries in Illinois, he estimated that 70,000 Democrats had voted against him in the Republican primaries on the Gov-ernorship. The cross-examination of Gov. Deneen will be continued to-morrow.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, July 14.-The collier Justin has arrived at San Juan del Sur, the gunboat Wilmington at Olongapo. the supply ship Glacier at Mare Island. the battleships Louisiana, Kansas and anda under electric fan. Killing time at New Hampshire at Provincetown, the able, unjustly discriminatory, unduly preferential and prejudicial and otherwise in violation of the provisions of the act to regulate commerce and acts amendalory thereof, and that the practices of Tarpon at Newport. and the submarines Grayling, Bonita. Narwhal, Salmon, Snapper, Stingray and Tarpon at Newport. The collier Cæsar has sailed from San

Juan for Guantanamo, the battleship Connecticut from Provincetown for New Haven, the battleship Michigan and tug Yankton from Provincetown for Newport.

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, July 14 .- These army orders were

First Lleut. Robert M. Beck. Jr., Twelfin Cavalry, to College of St. Thomas, St. Paul. Cayairy, to College of St. Thomas, St. Paul.
Minn.
Capt. Malcolm P. Andruss, Coast Artillery, to Fort Michie, New York.
States Consul at Cape Haytien,
and Department to-day ordered through Petrel from Guantanamo part.
I dustil in a cable despatch to the department said that the revolutional part in the said that t

These navy orders were issued: Commodore R. F. Lopez, retired, from board member to survey vessels on Pacific coast to home. Accepts Invitation to Attend lar Association Dinner.

SION, July 14. President Taft div accepted the invitation of large branch by drographic office, San Franchisch, State Bar Association 16 language which is to be given that on January 20.

member to survey vessels on Pacific coast to home. Coast to home. Coast to home. Coast to home temporary duty at Navial Navy Department to temporary duty at Navial Navial

BAD MANNERS IN SENATE. Senator Bacon Offers Amendment

WASHINGTON, July 14.- The Senate is in a sad way. Its conduct has become thrown to the winds and rough and tum-Senator Bacon of Georgia says so, and

"Jowering has succeeded deliberate discussion," said Mr. Bacon. "It has got so bad a Senator cannot make a statement that some other Senator does not undertake to correct then and there. Where is the decorum of former days?"

The Senator from Georgia looked around the chamber sadly. He said that thoughtful men were losing their respect for the dignity of the Senate. Senator Root ex-pressed his deep appreciation to Senator Facon for having brought up the unhappy

lacon for having brought up the unhappy subject for review.

"The Senate has got into bad habits and we must check ourselves," he said. "We must put on the curb and bit and bring ourselves up sharply. Wrangling has taken the place of serious debate. We ought to pull out of the rut of bad manners we have got into. Interruptions have become so frequent that it sometimes seems the only Senator not entitled to speak is the one who holds the floor."

That there is nothing invidious or discourteous in a Senator refusing to yield to another for a speech under the guise of asking a question was contended by

of asking a question was contended by Mr. Lodge. He deprecated the action of Senators rushing in and asking questions or essaying to correct a statement in debate that seemed to them incorrect with absolute disregard of the Vice-Presi dent's gavel.
Senator Martine of New Jersey, one of

Senator Martine of New Jersey, one of the worst offenders in the Senate in this respect, said never a word. All the speakers professed that they them-selves had been careless. After a number of comments and sug-gestions had been submitted by Sen-ators Clapp, McCumber and others, the, amendment of Mr. Bacon was referred to the Committee on Rules.

Interborough company are to meet at the home of Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission. From what was said by such members of the Board of Estimate as could be reached yesterday there seems little likelihood that the new offer of the Interborough company will offer of the Interborough company will as any tangible assets," said he last night, "but I have noticed that the Sheriff's office often fails to find them when they are there." be accepted at the special meeting of the Board of Estimate to be held on Monday. It was stated yesterday for Borough President McAneny of Manhattan, Comptroller Prendergast and President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen that they are still opposed to the proposition which has been submitted by the Interborough

company.

J. Sergeant Cram, who since he was recently appointed a member of the Public Service Commission by Gov. Dix has been insisting on a five cent fare to Coney Island, gave his colleagues another prod yesterday when in advocating the nickle fare to Coney Island he insisted incidentally that the proposals to guarantee profits to either the Interborough or the Brooklyn Rapid Transit companies were unconstitutional

were unconstitutional.

"I think these proposals are illegal."
he said. "Under the law we have no right to guarantee these companies against loss. For that reason I hope that these conferences with the two companies will be brought to an end at once, because I don't believe that they can lead to anything, for in my opinion the courts would not sanction the city lending its credit to the guaranteeing of any contracting corporation against loss." were unconstitutional. credit to the guaranteeing of any con-tracting corporation against loss."

Because Chairman Willcox was unable to be present at the meeting Mr. Cram's scheme for a five cent fare to Coney Island was laid over for a week.

A DIARY OF IDLENESS.

possibly Mr. Newlands, was tired of the session, anxious to bring it to a close and ready to make concessions.

The House Democratic leaders are unforced the session of a United States.

The House Democratic leaders are unforced the session of a United States. ferred the election of a United States was picked up in Central Park yesterday Senator because Gov. Deneen wanted the and turned over to the police. The inicontest against his own election as Govitials "J. H. B." on the flyleaf suggested ernor settled before a Senator was chosen. to many the name of John H. Beatty. In spite of the searching questions of Superintendent of Parks for Manhattan

The entries in the book run this way: July 1-Returned from a month's vaca-

ing doing.

July 6—Same thing.

July 7—Reported: no work. Com. asked me to give up job of Superintendent of Parks at \$4,000 and he'd make me super-

intendent of repairs at \$3,000. Nix July 8-On hand for duty. Didn c want me. Loafing getting monotonous, but get \$333 a month for doing it. Started to count yellow caterpillars and cocoons in Central Park to kill time. Must have counted million or two when got tired and gave it up. July 11—Showed up at Arsenal. No work. Usual thing. Time to spare and went to Museum of Art for first time. Lote of nude ladies in statuary hall ought to be draped. Pictures fine, but some of the old timers somewhat faded.

July 12-Still hot. No work to do. Can't ick. Fosdick after my scalp. He examined park laborers to get something on anything, I know. Thankful the veteran law prevents me being \$333 per not go bad, but might have gone from \$ to the coronation if knew would last so \$35,000. long. Hilty has my wagon and is doing not on the payrolls?

Beatty was at the Arsenal early yesterday and visited the office of Park Commissioner Stover. The Commissioner greeted him pleasantly but told him there was nothing for him to do and that he might call around to-day.

The position of landscape architect, vacated by Samuel Parsons, has not yet been filled. There doesn't seem to be any prospect of the Park Board agreeing upon a candidate in the immediate future.

ITALIAN AGENT ACCUSED Of Using the Mails to Defraud-Handled

Parcels Post From Genoa. Daniele Varola, agent and manager for Genchi & Conova of 15 Whitehall street, was arrested yesterday and held in \$3,000 bail for examination next Tuesday. He is accused by Assistant United States Attorney Walton of using the mails to defraud. Genchi & Conova hold conces-sions from the Italian Government for the handling of packages sent by the Italian parcels post from Genoa, including the collections of duty. It is charged that Varola collected not

Counsel for the Company Says It Will Ap-Like to Find Tangible Assets-Concern Plans \$10,000,000 Bond Issue.

ENGINEER TRYING TO COLLECT

A \$25,000 JUDGMENT.

Counsel for J. D. Maguire, a consulting engineer of 30 Church street, who obtained on June 30 a judgment against the out the country have adversely affected Long Acre Electric Light and Power business, notably in retail lines. This has has no tangible property, so far as can be learned, on which to levy. On Wednesday the company submitted to Public Service Commissioner Maltbie a form of mortgage on which it wishes to issue \$10,000,000 of bonds. This is the company of which John C. Sheehan is vice-president and on the board of directors of which are William Harris and Henry B. Harris. the theatrical managers. James F. Shaw an ex-State Senator of Boston, is its presi-

Mr. Maguire went to work on August 1. 1907, as a consulting engineer for the company on a three year contract at \$7,500

a year.

"He located all the ducts for the company," said his lawyer, W. D. McNulty of 141 Broadway, yesterday, "and found out what subways could be used. At the end of six months he received \$5,000 in notes, but he has never got anything on them and he has never been paid his "Action was brought in March and

"Action was brought in March and after a trial before Justice Gerard judgment was entered. The court gave the company ten days in which to settle. When this time elapsed the judgment was turned over to the Sheriff.

"The under sheriff was told at the offices of the company at 155 Broadway that the

"The under sheriff was told at the offices of the company at 165 Broadway that the company owned no tangible property of any kind. Even the desks belonged to the American and British Manufacturing Company, which has its name on the door too.
"We are going to begin supplementary production of last year.

CORN CROP DROPS BACK. Snow's Report Shows Further General Deterioration.

CHICAGO, July 14.-B. W. Snow in 8 special corn crop report to-day says: Special returns from all counties unde date of July 10 show severe further damage to coarse grain crops. The condition of corn a crop of under 2,700,000,000 bushels.

The area of heavy heat drought damage

has widened rapidly and now includes Kansas, Missouri, the south half of Ne-braska, southern third of Iowa and south In ten days the condition in Kansas at

dropped from 76 to 67; Missouri, from 83 to 60; Nebraska, from 89 to 78; Iowa, from 97 to 86; Illinois, from 87 to 78; South Dakota,

conditions since July 1 from 67.2 to 61.2, with Iowa dropping from 71 to 66, Nebraska from 48 to 37, South Dakota 29 to 22, North Dakota 90 to 70, Minnesota 75 to 63, Wisconsin 95 to 90 and Michigan 88 to 84. 16. Kansas 14. Missouri 12. Tennessee 19 ese figures mean practical failure and \$100 from Carr, which is also unpaid the present maximum possibility seems

STRIKE POSTPONED.

Fancy Leather Workers Wish to Run It Off Without a Hitch.

under 750,000,000, with a probability of going

The Fancy Leather Workers Union, which was to have gone on a general strike to-day involving 6,000 workers, chiefly women, decided later to take a referendum vote next week on the question of a general strike and a meeting will be held for the purpose. This, it was stated, was agreed to by the advice of the officers of the union, who say they do not want any hitch in the ordering of the strike even if it involves waiting several

The demar days longer.

The demands of the union, 1,100 of whose members have been on strike for a week or two, are a 15 per cent. advance in wages, a fifty-two hour working week

wages, a lifty-two hour working week t and a union agreement.

As most of the members of the union are women it was stated that in case of a general strike the Women's Trade Union League will furnish women pickets as it did in the strike of the shirtwaist makers.

GIFTS TO WORKMEN.

D. Saunders's Sons, Inc., of Yonkers Hands Out Checks Aggregating \$35,000. YONKERS, July 14.-It became known

to-day that when the workmen in the machine shops of D. Saunders's Sons. Inc. quit work last night twenty-seven of them who have worked for the firm twenty them who have worked for the firm twenty
years or longer received checks ranging
from \$1,000 upward and aggregating
25 000 Alex Saundars regulated of the Alex. Saunders, president of the

\$35,000. Alex. Saunders, president of the corporation, gave the money in memory of his brother, Leslie Saunders, who was a member of the firm at the time of his death last December.

The gifts came as a complete surprise to the workmen. The company wouldn't make public their names and the separate amounts. This is the second time members of the factory population of Yonkers have benefited by such a distribution. A few years ago Mrs. E. S. Cochran distributed \$100,000 in sums from \$1,000 upward to old employees of the Alex. Smith & Sons Carpet Company.

FAST ROUTE TO QUEENS. Public Service Board Adopts Plans for One Over Queensboro Bridge.

The Public Service Commission adopted yesterday plans for the construction of a crosstown rapid transit line running under Fifty-ninth street and across Queensboro Bridge. The line as mapped out extends from Fifty-ninth street and Seventh avenue across the bridge and along the Queens William and Crescent streets. The route includes a suitable spur or connection in Manhattan, the centre line of which shall begin at a point under Fifty-ninth street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, continuing in a southwesterly direction under Seventh avenue to Fifty-seventh street, where a connection can conveniently be made with the proposed subway under Seventh avenue.

Pr. Friedrich Wilhelm St. Laurent Carolina (American).

Homous.

Southwesterly direction under Sac Cedric, for New York and Hook at 2:15 A. M. Sc Calcionia, for New York and Work at 2:25 A. Seventh avenue.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

LONG ACRE LIGHT DIDN'T PAY Hot Weather Bad for Retail Trade, but

Crops Weren't Greatly Hurt. The trade reviews find that hot weather has been a bad thing for retail trade, but that on the whole the developments of the past week have been for the good peal-Meanwhile J. D. Maguire Would Crops do not seem to have been hurt as much as early reports indicated, and there is improvement in some of the other major lines of trade. Dun's Review savs:

Prevalence of high temperatures through

Company for \$25,175.47, has been advised also given rise to unsettlement regarding by the Sheriff's office that the concern actual crop conditions. The grain markets, after advancing sharply early in the week, reacted on news of abundant rains in many sections of the drought area. Trustworthy advices from the exposed territory show that the injury has probably been exaggerated and that a fairly heavy rainfall in the next four or five weeks will repair much of the damage done. Further repair much of the damage done. Further improvement in steel and iron has been noted in the Pittsburg district, where the mills are working well up to their June capacity. The output of the merchant furnaces appears now to be actually below consumptive requirements. A notable feature has been the enlarged demand for in connection with some of the large building enterprises in New York city. Railroad earnings for the month of June show a decrease of 1.5 per cent., but there are evi-dences that the great systems are making headway toward lowering operating expenses to a degree commensurate with the smaller volume of business. While bank clearings this week at New York city alone reflect a loss of 3.5 per cent. as compared with the total reported in the corresponding tory outside the metropolis of 0.3 per cent Foreign trade continues highly favorable increase of exports over last year. The outlook for the crops, as shown by the Government's July report, is certainly reassuring. The indications are for a total wheat crop of more than 702,000,000 bushels, which would be the fourth largest on record and a corn crop second only to the record

"We are going to begin supplementary proceedings looking to the examination of the officers and the appointment of a receiver. In that way we can get at the intangible assets. On the company's responsibility is representatives who most of the city's representatives who are working out the subway situation the task of trying to evolve something practical from the tangle was halted yesterday. Most of those trying will be back, however, on Sunday night, when the city's conferees and the heads of the Interborough company are to meet at the last might mean the securities held by another company."

"We are going to begin supplementary proceedings looking to the examination of the company is the company's receiver. In that way we can get at the intangible assets. On the company's report as of. December 31, 1910, submitted to the Public Service Commission in March, appears one item, 'consumers' accounts receiver. In that way we can get at the intangible assets. On the company's resport as of. December 31, 1910, submitted to the Public Service Commission in March, appears one item, 'consumers' accounts receiver. In that way we can get at the intangible assets. On the company's resport as of. December 31, 1910, submitted to the Public Service Commission in March, appears one item, 'consumers' accounts receiver. In that way we can get at the intangible assets. On the company's respondences the office worst for a decade: the occurrence of rains in drought stricken sections, staying the worst for a decade: the occurrence of rains in drought stricken sections, staying the worst for a decade: the occurrence of rains in drought stricken sections, staying the worst for a decade: the occurrence of rains in drought stricken sections, as to the cotton crop outlook, and the like tangible assets except one which the further deterioration of the corn crop the further deterioration of the corn crop the further deterioration of the corn crop Dated March 1, 1911. western country. More moisture is needed for corn and oats, but the precipitations for corn and oats, but the precipitations that have occurred have superinduced a better feeling and incidentally produced a little more spot business. Withal buyers are conservative about placing orders for future business, and comparatively few salesmen are on the road. In fact most interests seem to realize that trade will not improve much until near the fall season, when prospects as to crop yields will be more freely developed.

GOV. HASKELL SUED gain as in the Last Eleven Years About a Little Stock Deal.

A suit involving ex-Gov. Haskell of Oklahoma will be tried as a result of an order by Supreme Court Justice Page yesteraverages 74.8, against 82.4 July 1, indicating day vacating a judgment entered by default in an action by George W. Saul against the Lake Erie and Western Railroad. The case has been pending eleven years and has been on the calendar for trial twenty times. The last time it appeared counsel for the plaintiff was ill and judgment was ordered for the defendant.

Saul sues for damages for the wrongful on Saul sues for damages for the wrongful conversion of 1,000 shares of stock of the 7to 88; Illinois, from 87 to 75; South Dakota, from 87 to 70; Oklahoma, from 67 to 40.

The situation in the western part of the corn belt is such that local showers can afford but very slight relief and only general soaking rains at once, before the crop generally comes into tassel.

Early corn is tasseling with white head in all the territory above referred to.

Reports show a further decline in oats

Sues for the Price of Polo Ponies. A suit to recover \$1,100 for two polo ponies was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday against Frank Brown, Jr., by William Carr. The complaint says that hish 93 to 90 and Michigan as to 32.

William Carr. The complaint says that bushels winter wheat to acre, Oklahoma the ponies were sold on June 3 last and Kansas 14. Missouri 12, Tennessee 19.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC TRIS DAT.
Sun rises....4:37 Sun sets.....7:26 Moon rises.10:11
BIGH WATER THIS DAY. Sandy Hook 9:46 Gov. Island. 10:18 Hell Gate. . 12:11

Arrived-FRIDAY, July 14. Arrived—FRIDAY, July 14.

Sa Patris, Patras, June 30.

Se Perugia, Paiermo, June 30.

Sa Rylande, Inuelva, June 17.

Sa Hesperus, Shields, July 2.

Sa Monterey, Vera Cruz, July 6.

Sa Bayamo, Clenfuegos, July 8.

Sa Commodore Rollins, Port Antonio, July 8.

Sa Ji Mundo, Galveston, July 13.

Sa Bunker Hill, Roston, July 13.

Sa Bunker Hill, Roston, July 13.

Sa Cacque, Wilmington, N. C., July 12.

Sa City of Everett, Boston, July 13.

ARRIVED OUT. Ss Prinzess Irene, at Genoa from New York. Ss Ryndam, at Rotterdam from New York. Ss La Touraine, at Havre from New York.

SAILED FROM FOREIGN PORTS. Ss Berlin, for New York from Naples. Ss President Lincoln, for New York from outhampton.

OUTGOING STRAMSRIPS.

St. Louis. Southampton...
Arable, Liverpool.
Amerika, Hamburg.
Stephano. Newfoundland.
Tagus. Bermuda.
Coamo, San Juan.
Saratoga, Havana.
Seminole. Santo Domingo. Prinz Joachim. Jamaica.
Oceana. Bermuda.
Lapland. Antwerp.
Columbia, Glasgow.
Julia Luckenbach. Porto
Rico.
Comanche. Jacksonville.
Denver. Gaiveston. Sait To-marrow.

Southampton Havre. Bordeaux... kingston. San Juan. Galveston. Jacksonville. Brunswick... Prinz Eltel Friedrich.. Lituania. City of Columbus... Due Monday, July 17. ant.... Southampton Havre.... President Grant..... Chicago Kroonland Pr. Friedrich Wilhelm

Sa Cedric, for New York, was 750 miles east of Sandy Hook at 2:15 A. M., vesterday.
Sa Caledonia, for New York, was 710 miles east of Sandy Hook at 5:35 A. M.
Sa New York, for New York, was 725 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9:45 A. M.

The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company

New York

Branch Office, 476 Fifth Avenue LONDON: 15 Cockspur St., S. W. PARIS: 41 Boulevard Haussmann Statement of Jane 30, 1911

OFFICERS

SAMUEL SLOAN, Vice-President.

SAMUEL SLOAN, Vice-President & Sec'y.

AUGUSTUS V. HEELY, Vice-President & Sec'y.

WILLIAM B. CARDOZO, Vice-President & Sec'y.

WILLIAM A. DUNCAN, Ass't Sec'y.

WILLIAM A. DUNCAN, Ass't Sec'y.

CHARTERED 1866

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY **PHILADELPHIA**

CAPITAL \$2,000,000

RUDULPH ELLIS, President

SURPLUS EARNED \$10,000,000

WILLIAM P. CEST, Vice-President

Acts as Executor, Trustee, Guardian and Administrator Interest Allowed on Deposits

STATE OF NEW YORK

4 Per Cent Gold Bonds

Due March 1, 1961

8145,278,780,67

\$12,500,000

AMOUNTING TO.

Issued in Coupon or Registered Form

Will Be Sold Thursday, July 20, 1911, At 2 o'clock P. M.

At the State Comptroller's Office, Albany, N.Y. \$10,000,000 for the Improvement of Highways

\$2,500,000 for the Improvement of the Palisades Interstate Park These Bonds Are Legal Investments for Trust Funds

No bids will be accepted for less than the par value of the bonds nor unless

accompanied by a deposit of money or by a certified check or bank draft upon a solvent bank or trust company of the cities of Albany or New York, payable to the order of the Comptroller of the State of New York, for at least two per cent of the par value of the bonds bid for.

All proposals, together with the security deposits, must be sealed and en-

ed "Loan for Improvement" and enclosed in a sealed envelope directed to Comptroller of the State of New York, Albany." All bids will include accrued interest.

The Comptroller reserves the right to reject any or all bids which are not his opinion advantageous to the interests of the State.

Circular descriptive of these bonds and of outstanding State bonds sinking funds, etc., will be mailed upon application to

WM, SOHMER, State Comptroller, Albany, N. Y. Albany, June 26, 1911.

NORTHERN PACIFIC TERMINAL COM-PANY OF OREGON.

New York, July 12, 1911.

PENNSTLVANIA CO. GUARANTEED 312
PER CENT. TRUST CERTIFICATES,
SERIES "B." DUE 1941.

Pursuant to the terms of an agreement dated September 1, 1897, and a supplemental agreement dated February 1, 1901, the undersigned invites tenders of the above certificate for sale and delivery as of August 1, 1911, at a price not exceeding par and luterest, to the extent of \$100,000, the sum now payable to the sinking fund.

Scaled tenders should be addressed to Girard Trust Company. Trustee, Pennsylvania Company Guaranteed 312, per cent. Trust Certificates. Series "B." and will be received until 3 p. m. Monday, July 31, 1811.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.

C. J. RHOADS, Treasurer.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 15, 1911.

DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST.

THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY CO THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY CO A quarterly dividend of One Dollar (31) per share on the preferred stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable at the office of the Company, No. 120 Broadway. New York City, on July 20, 1911, to preferred stockholders of record at 12 o'clock M, on July 15, 1911. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend. Stockholders are requested to promptly file mailing orders for dividends with the undersigned, from whom blank orders may be had on applica-tion.

L. F. TIMMERMAN, Assistant Treasurer, w York, July 5, 1911. NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY. COMPANY.
New York, July 6, 1911.
The Board of Directors of the New York, Ontatio & Western Railway Company have declared a dividend of two (2) per cent. upon the Common Stock, payable on August 14th, 1911, to stockholders of record on July 29th, 1911.
The Transfer Books will be closed at tweive o'clock noon on July 29th, 1911, and reopened at ten o'clock A. M. on August 15th, 1911.
R. D. RICKARD, Secretary.

ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE CO.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 25.
The regular quarterly dividend of one and onequarter (14%) per cent on the Preferred Stock
of the ELECTRIC BOND AND SHARE COMPANY has been declared, payable August 1, 1911,
to stockholders of record at the close of business
July 20, 1911, on which date the transfer books will
close and reopen Tuesday, August 1, 1911.
H. M. FRANCIS, Secretary.

ANTERCONTINENTAL RUBBER CO.
A dividend of one per cent. (19%) on the Common
Stock will be paid on August 1, 1911, to Voting
Trust Certificate Holders of record at the close of
business on July 21st, 1911. Checks will be malled
Transfer books will be closed from July 21st until August 1st, 1911. WALTER DUTTON, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

CONTRACT 107.

SEALED BIDS will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165.

Broadway, New York, until 11 a. M. on Thursday, August 3, 1911, for Contract 107, for furnishing and delivering certain apparatus and materials at designated localities and furnishing, delivering and installing certain other apparatus and materials in various structures along Catskill aqueduct, in Uister and Putnam counties, and in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York, New York, The apparatus and materials consist of 233 6-inch to 54-inch gate-valves, 2 40-inch blow off valves, 4 hydraulic cylinders for 40-inch blow off valves, 4 hydraulic cylinders for 40-inch blow off valves, 4 hydraulic cylinders for 40-inch blow off valves, 2 hydraulic cylinders for 54-inch gate-valves, bronze and cast iron piping and miscellaneous appurtenances.

At the above place and time the blds will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for Bidders and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars (\$10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;

CHARLES N. CHADWICK,

JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary,

contains all the financial news and the stock and bond quotations to the close of the market. The closing quotations, including the "bid and asked" prices with additional news matter, are con-

tained also in the night edition of THE EVENING

ELECTIONS AND MEETINGS.

mine whether, under the authority of Section 2s of the Stock Corporation Law of the State of New York, the number of Trustees of the Company shall be increased from twenty four, the number of the present Board, to thirty, and if the number of the present Board, to thirty, and if the number of the Trustees shall be so increased to elect a permanent Board of that number, and also to yote upon the amendment of the by-laws accordingly, and to consider and act upon any other matter or thing which may come before the stockholders for their consideration.

New York, July 12, 1911.

LYMAN RHOADES, Secretary.

PUBLIC NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PURSUANT to statutory requirement, notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly No. 2417, Int. No. 1402, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled to the translature of the Legislature of the Legislature of the Legislature of the Legislature of the More of the Legislature of the More of the M

WILLIAM J. GAYNOR. Mayor:

PURSUANT to statutory requirement, notice is hereby given that an act. Assembly No. 142, Senate 1951, Int. 141, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, eatitied

TO AUTHORIZE THE BOARD OF ASSESSORS OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK TO ESTIMATE, AND ALLOW THE DAMAGES SUSTAINAD BY OWNERS OF REAL PROPERTY FRONTING UPON STREETS APPROACHING THE MAN. HATTAN BRIDGE OVER THE EAST RIVER IN SAID CITY.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's Office in the City Hall in The City of New York, on Tuesday, July 18, 1911, at 11 o'clock A. M. Dated, City Hall, New York, July 13, 1911.

WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

WILLIAM J. GAYNOR. Mayor.

PURSUANT to statutory requirement, notice is hereby given that an act, Senate No. 1085, Int. No. 886, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

TO IMPROVE THE WATER-FRONT FACILITIES OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, IN RELATION TO THE RECEIPT, DELIVERY AND SHIPMENT OF FREIGHT.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's Office in the City Hall in The City of New York, on Tuesday, July 18, 1911.

Dated, City Hall, New York, July 18, 1911.

WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT—COUNTY OF

NEW YORK.

GWORGE W. OGILVIE. Plaint'ff.)
against ALICE VIGNIER DENS:
OF Plaint'ff.)
against ALICE VIGNIER DENS:
TO THE ABOVE NAMEL DEFENDANT:
YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the compiaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the Plaintiff's Attorney within twenty days after the service of this summona exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer Judgment will taken against you by default, for the relief manded in the compiant.

Dated, New York, May 12th, 1911.

JULIUS M. LOWENSTEIN.
Office and Post Office Address, 149 Broadway, New York City.
TO ALICE VIGNIER DENSMORE:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of HONORABLE, DANIEL, F. COHALAN, a Justice of the New York Supreme Court, New York County, made June 9th, 1911, and filed with the compiaint in the Office of New York, Supreme Court, New York Supreme Court, New York, Subte of New York, June 9th, 1911.

June. 1911. Dated. New York, June 9th, 1911. JULIUS M. LOWENSTEIN.